بسم الله الرحمان الرحيم

The Amīr/National President Jamā'at Ahmadiyya,

.....

Dear Brother,

السلام عليم ورحمة اللدوبر كابيه

On February 21, 2014, Hazrat Khalīfatul-Masīh V (May Allāh be his Helper) delivered the Friday Sermon at the Baitul Futūh Mosque, Morden, London.

Huzoor اليره الله الله said : February 20th is the day commemorated in the Jama'at as the Day of the Prophecy of Musleh Mau'ūd رضى الله عليه المساع. The day has a special significance, for the Promised Messiah (من الله عليه المساع) foretold on this day the birth of a son of his who was going to be blessed by God with great, noble qualities. The Promised Messiah (said that it was not an ordinary prophecy, rather it was a sign of God aimed at establishing the truthfulness and sublime status of the Holy Prophet of Islām, Muhammad من الله المساع المس

Huzoor الميره الله said: In accordance with the prophecy, the promised son, Hadrat Mirzā Bashiruddin Mahmood Ahmad, Khalīfatul Masīh II رضى الله عنه was born in January, 1889, who, later in his life, was destined to accomplish great feats for the sake of Islām, such as Islām's dominance over all the religions of the world. His accomplishments, to which even his detractors pay tribute, will be remembered until the Last Day.

Huzoor اليره الله read in full the actual words of the prophecy and said: The world has witnessed that the son was born according to the prophecy and became the Khalīfa for as long as 52 years. The world has also acknowledged the magnitude and greatness of his achievements. A deeper look into his magnificent life and characteristics will reveal that volumes are required to fully comprehend the extent of his accomplishments.

Huzoor اليره الله said: Listening to any of the sermons, lectures and speeches of Hadrat Musleh Mau'ūd ضى الله عنه one feels that one has gained access to wonderful pearls of knowledge and a great fortune of Divine cognizance.

Huzoor اليره الله الله quoted Hadrat Khalīfatul Masīh III رصمالله who observed that aside from other books Hadrat Musleh Mauʻūd بن wrote; he also wrote about eight to ten thousand pages of *Tafsir-e- Kabir*, his commentary on the Holy Qurʾān. Similarly, he wrote a number of other books as well on numerous topics of intellectual interest. And, as it was mentioned in the prophecy that the promised son would be filled with secular and religious knowledge, a look at the intellectual accomplishments of Hadrat Musleh Mauʻūd رضى will prove that he surely possessed both – secular and spiritual – kinds of knowledge.

Huzoor اليره الله تعالى said: Doubtless, the new venues and horizons shown by Hadrat Musleh Mau'ūd الله in terms of deeper understanding and knowledge of the Holy Qur'ān are unique in their beauty and insight.

Huzoor اليوه الله quoted the opinions of non-Ahmadī and non-Muslim scholars and thinkers regarding the beauties of *Tafsir-e-Kabir* and other books of Hadrat Musleh Mau'ūd رضى الله and said that the books, lectures and speeches of Hadrat Musleh Mau'ūd رضى الله عنه form only a part of his great intellectual heritage.

Huzoor اليره الله said: May Allāh enable us to benefit from the great intellectual heritage left by Hadrat Musleh Mauʻūd رضى الله عند. May Allāh enable us to increase ourselves in knowledge. $\bar{A}m\bar{n}n$.

Towards the end of the Friday Sermon, Huzoor الميره الله تعالى spoke of the sad demise of Sahibzada Mirzā Hanif Ahmad Sahib, son of Hadrat Musleh Mau'ūd مثى الله عند and highlighted his services for the Jamā'at. Huzoor الميره الله تعالى also led the funeral prayer in absentia of the deceased after the Jumu'a Prayer.

Please convey these guidelines given by Huzoor اليروالله تعالى to members of your Jamā'at. Jazākumullāh.

Wassalām,

(Ch. Hameedullah) Wakīl A'lā, Tahrīk Jadīd Anjuman Ahmadiyya Pakistan,

Dated: 26 Feb. 2014